

# Reviewed Abridged Interim Financial Results for the six months ended 30 September 2021

# SALIENT FEATURES (INFLATION ADJUSTED)

- Sugar production of 162 906 tonnes (2020: 147 960 tonnes) +10%
- Total Industry sugar sales of 223 892 tonnes (2020: 225 058 tonnes) -1%
- Hippo share of Industry sugar production and sales 52.9% (2020: 49.8%) +3%
- Revenue of ZWL10.3 billion (2020: ZWL10.5 billion) -2%
- Operating profit of ZWL2.9 billion (2020: ZWL2.6 billion) +12%
- Adjusted EBITDA\* of ZWL2.8 billion (2020: ZWL4.3 billion) -35%
- Profit for the period of ZWL1.4 billion (2020: ZWL1.5 billion) -7%
- \*Adjusted EBITDA is operating profit adjusted to exclude depreciation, amortisation, any impairment (or reversal thereof) and fair value adjustments relating to biological assets.

### COMMENTARY

### **Operating Environment**

The economic environment in the country continues to be classified as hyperinflationary. However, annual inflation slowed down significantly to 52% by 30 September 2021 (March 2021: 241%). While the Zimbabwe dollar exchange rate was relatively stable over the period under review, the local currency has subsequently devalued against the United States dollar. As the multi-currency regime continued, exchange rate dynamics in the economy influenced foreign currency liquidity and the proportion of foreign currency transactions in the formal market. Global agricultural commodity prices increased over the period under review resulting in high input costs for the agriculture sector.

### **Covid-19 Update**

The third wave of the Covid-19 pandemic which began towards the end of the first quarter has since subsided albeit with the highest number of infections since the pandemic began. The Company and the rest of the sugar industry, classified as an essential service, were spared of any significant business disruption during the lockdown periods. The Company's Business Continuity Plan and established Covid-19 preventive and reactive protocols continue to be in place in preparation for a possible fourth wave. Supply chain constraints have been mitigated by advance planning and procurement of critical spares and inputs resulting in adequate sugar being available to cover both local market requirements and export commitments. The Company and Triangle Limited (together referred to as Tongaat Hulett Zimbabwe), through both self-financed and government sponsored vaccination programs, had vaccinated some 14 796 employees (92% of the total workforce) and 10 568 members of the community as at 30 November 2021.

#### Operations

### Cane and sugar production (tonnes) for the half year ended 30 September 2021

	2021	2020	% Change
Tonnes cane harvested - Company	657 777	744 672	-12%
Tonnes cane harvested – Private farmers	606 624	427 831	+42%
Other third-party cane	26 065	31 637	-18%
Total tonnes cane milled – Company	1 290 466	1 204 140	+7%
Tonnes sugar produced – Company	162 906	147 960	+10%
Tonnes sugar produced - Industry Total	308 046	296 974	+4%

### **Financial Results**

The financial results of the Group have been inflation adjusted to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 29 (IAS 29). Historical financial statements for the reporting period and the comparative numbers for the corresponding period have been disclosed as supplementary information alongside the inflation adjusted financial results. This financial commentary is based on the inflation adjusted numbers. In complying with the requirements of IAS 29, the Directors applied, where appropriate, necessary judgements and assumptions with due care. However, users are cautioned that in hyperinflationary environments certain inherent economic distortions may influence the out turn of financial results.

Notwithstanding a 6% increase in sales volumes attributable to the Company driven by an improved production ratio, total inflation adjusted revenue for the period decreased by 2% to ZWL10.3 billion (2020: ZWL10.5 billion), weighed down by currency and inflation dynamics within the economy. Adjusted EBITDA decreased by 35% compared to the same period in prior year due to higher cane costs incurred on the increased volume of cane from third parties and increased production costs due to the reduced extent of the prior year benefit of forward purchasing of key inputs in a hyperinflationary environment. Operating profit however increased by 12% to ZWL2.9 billion (2020:ZWL2.6 billion), benefiting from a biological asset fair value gain of ZWL0.5 billion (2020: loss of 1.3 billion) on account of improved cane pricing assumptions.

Net cash inflow from operating activities increased by 60% to ZWL 0.8 billion (2020: ZWL 0.5 billion), largely due to reduced cash consumed in working capital. Capital expenditure totaled ZWL398 million (2020: ZWL110 million) of which ZWL160 million (2020: ZWL65 million) was for root replanting. As at 30 September 2021, the Company had a net cash balance (cash less borrowings) of ZWL0.9 billion (2020: ZWL1.1 billion). Adequate borrowing facilities in both local and foreign currency have been established to finance both operating and capital expenditure requirements.

The effective tax rate on the inflation adjusted accounts was 46.42% (2020: 32.74%), impacted by the net monetary loss of ZWL0.06 billion (2020: ZWL0.6 billion), that was treated as a permanent difference for income tax purposes.

### Dividend

In view of the Company's positive financial performance for the six months ended 30 September 2021, the Board has declared an interim dividend of ZWL108 cents per share for the year ending 31 March 2022 payable in respect of all the ordinary shares of the Company. This dividend will be payable in full on or around 07 January 2022 to all Shareholders of the Company registered at the close of business on 24 December 2021.

## **Environmental, Social & Governance**

A total of 5 (2020: 2) Lost Time Injuries were recorded during the half year under review, resulting in a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate of 0.090 (2020: 0.037). However, no (2020: nil) fatalities were recorded during the half year period. Safety and Sustainability improvement initiatives continue to be implemented on an on-going basis to ensure a safe working environment for all employees as well as the ultimate achievement of world class standards on environmental stewardship.

Cane deliveries from the Company's plantations (miller-cum-planter) were 12% below the same period in prior year due to a combination of a 5% reduction in area harvested to date and a 7% drop in cane yields to date, occasioned by insistent cloud cover during the past rainfall season, which constrained cane growth during this period. Cane deliveries from private farmers were however 42% above the same period in prior year due to increased area harvested to date, benefiting from prior year carryover cane and an earlier start to the harvesting season which began on 20 April (2020: 5 May). Consequently, sugar production for the half year under review increased from the same period in prior year with a satisfactory factory performance, following a successful off crop maintenance program.

#### **Marketing Performance**

Zimbabwe Sugar Sales (Private) Limited (ZSS) is the single marketing desk for the Zimbabwe sugar industry at brown sugar level. The Company's share of total industry sugar sales volume of 223 892 tonnes (2020: 225 058 tonnes) for the half year to 30 September 2021 was 52.9% (2020: 49.8%). The total industry sugar sales into the domestic market for the period under review at 194 334 tonnes (2020: 158 429 tonnes) were 23% above same period in prior year due to a combination of strong local demand and improved supply. Price realisations in both local and foreign currency on the local market remained firm in current purchasing power terms. While the local market foreign currency inflows were firm during the period under review, these have subsequently slowed down owing to exchange rate dynamics within the economy. Following the industry's reduced COMESA quota allocation into Kenya for the year, the export sales volume for the half year reduced by 56% to 29 558 tonnes (2020: 66 629 tonnes). Volumes originally targeted for this market were redirected to satisfy strong local demand. Market development efforts are underway to establish other regional markets to supplement the existing stable Botswana market and reduce Kenya market concentration risk. The industry concluded the sale of 13 000 tonnes sugar under the Country's annual export quota to the United States, at an average net price 9% above target.

Initiatives to improve the quality of life of surrounding communities continue to be pursued through collaboration with Government and local communities. During the period under review Tongaat Hulett Zimbabwe donated approximately US\$ 138 000 in direct donations to community related causes. Additionally, the Company remains committed to empowerment initiatives to support broad-based stakeholders within its community who among others include small scale sugarcane farmers, suppliers of goods and services and on-going support towards community health, education and sporting activities.

As previously reported the Company continues to strengthen governance structures and polices at all levels of the business.

### **Projects and initiatives**

Expansion works on the 4 000 hectares cane development project (Project Kilimanjaro) remain suspended due to delays in concluding funding arrangements with financial institutions pending further clarity on land tenure. Notwithstanding, Tongaat Hulett Zimbabwe is now mobilizing funding to complete part of the already cleared 2 700 hectares in the current financial year with priority being given to that portion of the land to be developed for the benefit of local communities. The 562 hectares planted to sugarcane in prior years is achieving the targeted yields and generating revenue adequate to meet working capital and loan obligations as they fall due.

The Company is providing financial and technical assistance to a number of new sugarcane out grower development projects. The framework whereby Tongaat Hulett Zimbabwe is co-managing certain underperforming out grower farms is ongoing and is expected to yield positive results in the ensuing harvesting season.



# Reviewed Abridged Interim Financial Results for the six months ended 30 September 2021

## Land tenure

The Company awaits the finalization of the 99-year lease relating to Hippo Valley North (23 979 hectares). Freehold title on Hippo Valley South (16 433 hectares), largely a game park and wildlife conservation area, is being maintained. As previously reported, Government has since assured the Company that the issuance of the 99 Year Lease is imminent.

## Directorate

In April 2021, Mr D L Marokane resigned as Chairman and Board member, paving way for the appointment of Mr C F Dube as the new Independent Chairman. Sadly Mr J P Maphosa, a long serving Director of the Company passed on during the period under review. Mr L Bruce another long serving member of the board retired from the board at the AGM held on the 17th of September 2021. Mr S Harvey resigned from the board effective 1 December 2021 and was replaced by Mr R T Masawi who is the Chief Technical Officer at Tongaat Hulett Limited. The Board extends its gratitude to the family of Mr J P Maphosa, to Mr D L Marokane, to Mr L Bruce and to Mr S Harvey for their valuable contribution and leadership during their time of service to the Board. The Remuneration and Nominations Committee is attending to the vacancies that have arisen within the board with an objective to increase Independent Non-Executive board member participation, balance skills and improve diversity within the board.

# Outlook

The milling season is set to close in early December, benefiting from an early season start which will in the long term reposition the crop and prevent the previously experienced disruptive impact of harvesting during wet spells in December. Marketing efforts in the second half of the financial year are on ensuring available stocks are disposed at best value to the industry, both locally and regionally. With adequate irrigation water cover for at least two seasons at normal water duty secured in the industry's key water systems, and positive rainfall forecasts, the total production for the sugar industry is forecast to grow towards maximum milling capacity over the next 5 years driven by both vertical and horizontal sugarcane growth.

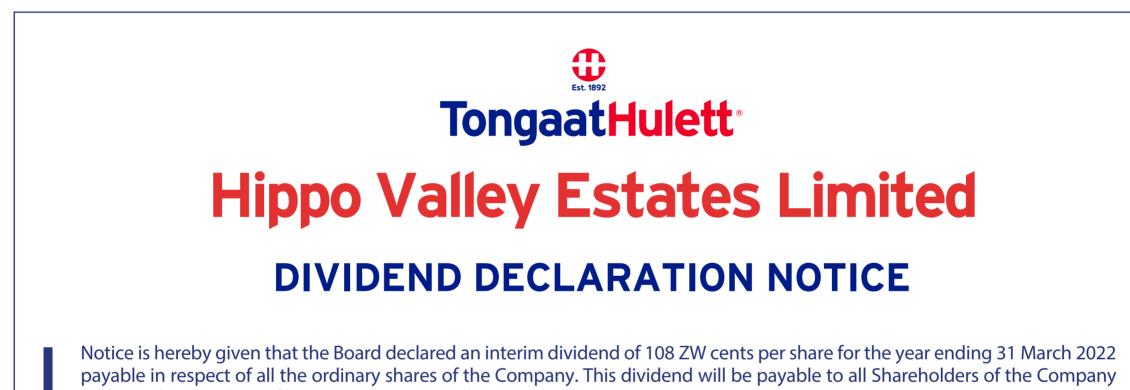
# By Order of the Board

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C. F. Dube Chairman

08 December 2021

A. Mhere Chief Executive Officer



registered at the close of business on 24 December 2021.

The payment of the dividend will take place on or about 7<sup>th</sup> January 2022. The applicable shareholders' tax will be deducted from the gross dividends.

The shares of the Company will be traded cum-dividend on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange up to the market day of 28 December 2021 and ex-dividend as from 29 December 2021.

Shareholders are requested to submit / update their mailing and banking details with the Transfer Secretaries to enable the payment of their dividends.

The contact details of the Transfer Secretaries are as follows;

First Transfer Secretaries (Pvt) Ltd 1 Armagh Avenue Eastlea Harare

Telephone: +263 242 782869/72 or 776628/49/59/69/74

Email: info@fts-net.com

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

P Kadembo Company Secretary

8 December 2021



# Reviewed Abridged Interim Financial Results for the six months ended 30 September 2021

### ABRIDGED GROUP STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	INFLATION	ADJUSTED	HISTORICAL COST		
	30 Sept 2021 30 Sept 2020		30 Sept 2021	30 Sept 2020	
Notes	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	
		Restated			
Revenue	10 334 077		9 513 643	5 517 613	
Cost of sales*		(4 803 410)	(3 312 150)	296 579	
Gross profit	5 501 266		6 201 493	5 814 192	
Marketing and selling expenses	(1 351 334)	• • •	(1 198 504)	(804 983)	
Administrative and other expenses	(1 430 097)		(1 292 646)	(786 934)	
Other operating income	159 402	3 944	146 284	2 158	
Operating profit	2 879 237	2 633 536	3 856 627	4 224 433	
Net monetary loss*	(64 127)	(613 593)	-	-	
Net finance (charge) / income	(274 422)	120 303	(286 327)	157 297	
Finance income	83 672	172 829	79 011	180 447	
Finance costs	(358 094)	(52 526)	(365 338)	(23 150)	
	2 540 688	2 140 246	3 570 300	4 381 730	
Share of profit of associates	44 836	103 258	40 804	53 694	
Profit before tax	2 585 524	2 243 504	3 611 104	4 435 424	
Income tax expense* 1	(1 200 268)	(734 515)	(969 223)	(1 123 669)	
Profit for the period	1 385 256	1 508 989	2 641 881	3 311 755	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax	(182 799)	107 620	(136 218)	144 141	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently					
to profit or loss					
Remeasurement of post retirement provision	(150 849)	48 646	(136 886)	21 371	
Items that will be reclassified subsequently					
to profit or loss					
Exchange differences on translation	(31 950)	58 974	668	122 770	
Total comprehensive income	1 202 457	1 616 609	2 505 663	3 455 896	
Number of Ordinary shares in Issue ("000" of shares		193 021	193 021	193 021	
Basic and diluted earnings per share					
(RTGS cents)	717,7	781,8	1 368,7	1 715,7	
Headline earnings per share (RTGS cents)	717,7	781,8	1 368,7	1 715,7	
* Inflation adjusted comparatives restated (see note)		,0		,,	

### **ABRIDGED GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

ADRIDGED GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL	POSITION				
	INFLATION ADJUSTED HISTORICAL COS				
	30 Sept 2021	31 March 2021	30 Sept 2021 31 March 2021		
ASSETS	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	
Non-current assets	6 254 501	6 278 137	886 469	573 803	
Property, plant and equipment	5 828 522	5 791 108	707 631	366 039	
Intangible assets	92 443		13 502	2 722	
Investments in associated companies	324 391	350 457	160 448	199 521	
Right of use assets	9 1 4 5	10 981	4 888	5 521	
5		] []			
Current assets	14 716 421	9 600 718	14 241 942	7 855 979	
Biological assets	4 139 634		4 139 634	3 007 894	
Inventories	6 907 403		6 487 667	1 968 789	
Trade and other receivables	2 568 826		2 514 083	1 993 551	
Cash and cash equivalents	1 100 558	1 072 593	1 100 558	885 745	
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Total Assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	20 970 922	158/8855	15 128 411	8 429 782	
Capital and reserves	11 601 030	10 659 727	7 4 4 7 4 9 2	5 181 174	
Issued share capital	805 605		15 442	15 442	
Other components of equity	(190 694)		210 262	209 594	
Retained earnings	10 986 119		7 221 788	4 956 138	
······································					
Non current liabilities	3 636 912	2 634 019	1 950 201	1 113 832	
Deferred tax liabilities	2 901 111	2 200 004	1 214 400	755 424	
Lease liability	3 394	5 226	3 394	4 315	
Borrowings	78 602	-	78 602	-	
Provisions	653 805	428 789	653 805	354 093	
Current liabilities	5 732 980	2 585 109	5 720 719	2 134 776	
Trade and other payables	5 284 442	2 394 077	5 282 180	1 977 022	
Lease liability	3 663	3 871	3 663	3 197	
Borrowings	78 032	-	78 032	-	
Current tax liability	353 189	183 833	353 189	151 808	
Provisions	13 654	3 328	13 654	2 749	
Total equity and liabilities	20 970 922	15 070 055	15 128 411	8 429 782	
Total equity and habilities	20 970 922	13 878 833	13 120 411	0429702	
GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY					
•		INFLATION /	ADJUSTED		
	Issued	Other components	Retained		
	capital	of equity		Total	
	ZWĽ000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	
Balance at 31 March 2020	805 605	(161 687)	9 488 461	10 132 379	
Comprehensive income for the period	-	58 974	1 557 635	1 616 609	
Profit for the period	-	-	1 508 989	1 508 989	
Other comprehensive income	-	58 974	48 646	107 620	
Dividend			(160 688)	(160 688)	
Balance at 30 September 2020	805 605	(102 713)	10 885 408	11 588 300	
Balance at 31 March 2021	805 605		10 012 866		
	005 005				
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(31 950)	1 234 407	1 202 457	
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	(21.050)	1 385 256	1 385 256	
	-	(31 950)	(150 849)	(182 799)	
Dividend	-	-	(261 154)	(261 154)	
Balance at 30 September 2021	805 605	(190 694)	10 986 119	11 601 030	

#### **GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

		HISTORICA	AL COST	
	lssued share capital ZWL'000	Non- distributable reserves ZWL'000	Retained earnings ZWL'000	Total ZWL'000
Balance at 31 March 2020	15 442	78 748	1 246 350	1 340 540
Comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income		122 770 - 122 770	3 333 126 3 311 755 21 371	3 455 896 3 311 755 144 141
Dividend	-	-	(69 488)	(69 488)
Balance at 30 September 2020	15 442	201 518	4 509 988	4 726 948
Balance at 31 March 2021	15 442	209 594	4 956 138	5 181 174
Total comprehensive income for the period Profit for the period	-	668	2 504 995 2 641 881	2 505 663 2 641 881
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period Dividend	-	668	(136 886) (239 345)	(136 218) (239 345)
Balance at 30 September 2021	15 442	210 262	7 221 788	7 447 492

LISTODICAL COST

### **ABRIDGED GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	INFLATION	ADJUSTED	HISTORICAL COST*		
	30 Sept 2021	30 Sept 2020	30 Sept 2021	30 Sept 2020	
	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL′000	ZWL'000	
Notes		Restated			
Cash flows from operating activities					
Operating profit	2 879 237	2 633 536	3 856 627	4 224 433	
Net monetary loss	(64 127)	(613 593)	-	-	
Depreciation and amortization 2	395 416	278 510	21 532	7 686	
Net movements in provisions	128 556	(159 656)	128 782	(2 364)	
<ul> <li>Gross movements in provisions</li> </ul>	328 940	(224 276)	310 618	(30 752)	
<ul> <li>Movement attributable to revenue reserves</li> </ul>	(200 384)	64 620	(181 836)	28 388	
Changes in biological assets	(497 224)	1 341 977	(1 131 740)	(1 188 335)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and					
equipment	-	21	-	14	
Cash generated from operations	2 841 858	3 480 795	2 875 201	3 041 434	
· ·					
Changes in working capital	(1 864 068)	(2 604 582)	(1 863 996)	(2 494 258)	
Net cash generated from operations	977 790	876 213	1 011 205	547 176	
····· ····· ··· ····· ·······					
Tax paid	(279 986)	(394 671)	(254 071)	(211 305)	
Net finance income / (charges paid)	30 974	(27 129)	31 160	(338)	
				()	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	728 778	454 413	788 294	335 533	

### Cash flows from investing activities

Additions to property, plant, equipment, intangible and right of use assets - Other property, plant, equipment and

- intangible assets - Cane roots
- Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment Dividends received from associated companies Movement in non-current financial assets Net cash (outflow) / inflow from investing activities
- Net cash inflow before financing activities Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Lease financing (paid) / raised

# Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Net cash balance at the beginning of the period Translation and Inflation effects on cash and cash equivalents Net Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

quipment,				
sets	(397 099)	(109 790)	(372 523)	(53 383)
ment and				
	(237 518)	(44 794)	(226 022)	(25 930)
	(159 581)	(64 996)	(146 501)	(27 453)
where the second				
plant and		67		4.4
ted	-	67	-	44
leu	77 910	115 912	70 699	71 168
ial assets	77 910	8 706	70099	22 549
investing	_	8700	_	22 349
investing	(319 189)	14 895	(301 824)	40 378
	(010100)		(00101)	
<b>activities</b>	409 589	469 308	486 470	375 911
ties				
	(261 154)	(160 688)	(239 345)	(69 488)
	1 070 547	561 914	971 457	230 000
	(897 939)	(324 201)	(814 826)	(38 721)
	(1 490)	7 165	(1 397)	4 604
inancing				
	(90 036)	84 190	(84 111)	126 395
uivalents	319 553	553 498	402 359	502 306
ng of the	1 072 502	401 664	005 745	110 222
on cash and	1 072 593	491 664	885 745	119 223
un casii allu	(291 588)	147 434	(187 546)	165 410
t end	(291 300)	14/ 434	(107 540)	105410
C CHM	1 100 558	1 192 596	1 100 558	786 939



# Reviewed Abridged Interim Financial Results for the six months ended 30 September 2021

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	INFLATION ADJUSTED		HISTORICAL COST		
	30 Sept 2021	30 Sept 2021 30 Sept 2020		30 Sept 2020	
	ZWL'000	ZWL'000	ZWL′000	ZWL'000	
1. Income tax expense					
Normal tax	(485 291)	(1 276 163)	(455 450)	(676 013)	
Deferred tax	(714 977)	541 648	(513 773)	(447 656)	
	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(/	( ,	
Charged to profit and loss	(1 200 268)	(734 515)	(969 223)	(1 123 669)	
5			. ,		
2. Depreciation and amortisation					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	200 801	154 764	6 559	3 598	
Amortisation of intangible assets	44 881	5 812	926	115	
Depreciation of roots	149 734	117 934	14 047	3 973	
	395 416	278 510	21 532	7 686	
3. Capital expenditure commitments					
Contracted and orders placed	186 584	49 676	169 313	21 770	
Authorized by Directors but not contracted	8 907	198 784	8 083	51 763	
	195 491	248 460	177 396	73 533	

### 4. Historical reporting

The historical financial disclosure is shown as complementary information. The information does not comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards in that it has not taken into account the requirements of International Accounting Standard 29 – Financial Reporting for Hyperinflationary Economies. As a result, the auditors have not issued a review conclusion on the historic financial information.

### 5. Basis of preparation and Statement of Compliance

The abridged consolidated interim financial statements of Hippo Valley Estates Limited (the 'Company'), together with its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the six months ended 30 September 2021, have been extracted from the reviewed interim financial statements which are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting, the Companies and Other Business Entities Act (Chapter 24.31) and the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange regulations. The abridged consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the disclosures required for complete annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. Accordingly, these statements are to be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 and any public announcements made by Hippo Valley Estates Limited during the interim reporting period.

The abridged consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Zimbabwean Dollars (ZWL), which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, except for the adoption of new and amended standards.

### The following general price indexes and conversion factors were applied:

Date	General Price Index	Conversion factor
30 September 2021	3 342.0	1.000
31 March 2021	2 759.8	1.211
30 September 2020	2 205.2	1.515
01 October 2019	290.4	11.509
Average CPI for 6 months to:		
30 September 2021	3 043.5	
30 September 2020	1 630.7	

### 6. Restatement of prior year financial statements: Inflation adjusted cost of sales

IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies (IAS 29) requires all items in the statement of comprehensive income to be presented in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period, by applying the change in the general price index from the dates when the items of income and expenses were initially recorded in the financial statements.

Since IAS 29 became applicable to entities in Zimbabwe, the Group has consistently used the direct method to adjust 'cost of sales' for hyperinflation. In terms of the direct method, monthly inflation indices are used to adjust the historical monthly 'cost of sales' expense. Management believed this method to be compliant with IAS 29 and had applied it in its previously audited annual financial statements. In the current year, as part of the auditor transition, management has reviewed the use of the direct method in respect of 'cost of sales'.

After due consideration, the Group has revised its aproach and retrospectively applied the indirect method to hyperinflate 'cost of sales'. In terms of the indirect method, each component used to determine the 'cost of sales' expense (opening stock, production costs and closing stock) is adjusted for hyperinflation separately rather than adjusting 'cost of sales' as a whole. The use of the indirect method aligns the method used to adjust 'cost of sales' with that used for 'depreciation' and 'fair value movements on biological assets' and improves the relationship between the inflation adjustments applied to the statement of financial position and those applied to the statement of comprehensive income.

This revision has resulted in a restatement of amounts in the statement of comprehensive income between 'cost of sales', 'taxation' and 'net monetary loss' with effect from 1 April 2020. While operating profit has decreased, there has been no impact on profit for the year, total earnings per share (basic and diluted), net cash flows nor the statement of financial position.

Impact of change in determination of inflation adjusted cost of sales on the Group Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	INFATION ADJUSTED		
	Year ended	6 months ended 30	
•	1 March 2021	September 2020	

The abridged consolidated interim financial statements appearing in this announcement are the responsibility of the Directors. The Directors take full responsibility for the preparation of the abridged consolidated interim financial statements.

### IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies

On 11 October 2019, the Public Accountants and Auditors Board of Zimbabwe classified Zimbabwe as a hyperinflationary economy in accordance with the provisions of IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies ('IAS 29'), applicable to entities operating in Zimbabwe with financial periods ending on or after 1 July 2019. Hyperinflationary accounting has therefore been applied by the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2021.

Hyperinflationary accounting requires transactions and balances of each reporting period to be presented in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period in order to account for the effect of loss of purchasing power during the period. The Group has elected to use the Zimbabwe Consumer Price Index (CPI) as the general price index to restate amounts as it provides an official observable indication of the change in the price of goods and services.

The carrying amounts of non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at historic cost have been stated to reflect the change in the general price index from the date of acquisition to the end of the reporting period. No adjustment has been made for those non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at fair value. An impairment is recognised in profit or loss if the remeasured amount of a non-monetary asset exceeds the recoverable amount.

All items recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are restated by applying the change in the average monthly general price index when the items of income and expenses were initially earned or incurred.

Gains or losses on the net monetary position have been recognised as part of profit or loss before tax in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

All items in the statement of cash flows are expressed in terms of the general price index at the end of the reporting period.

Comparative amounts in the Group financial results are expressed in terms of the general price index at the end of the reporting period.

	714/1/000	71/1/000
	ZWL'000	ZWL'000
Increase in cost of sales	(2 173 532)	(1 350 692)
Decrease in operating profit	(2 173 532)	(1 350 692)
Decrease in monetary loss	1 636 235	1 017 004
Decrease in profit before tax	(537 297)	(333 958)
Decrease in tax expense	537 297	333 958
Change in profit for the year	-	-
Increase in basic and diluted earnings per share (ZWL cents)	-	-

# Impact of change in determination of inflation adjusted cost of sales on the Group Statement of Financial Position

The change in the determination of inflation adjusted cost of sales had no impact on the Group Statement of Financial position.

### 7. Interim Results Conclusion

The Group's inflation adjusted interim consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2021 from which these abridged results have been extracted have been reviewed by the Group's external auditors, Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants (Zimbabwe), who have issued a qualified review conclusion as a result of non-compliance with International Accounting Standard 21, "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" in prior year and International Accounting Standard 8, "Accounting Polices, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors"; and IAS 29 – "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies". The auditor's review conclusion on the Group's inflation adjusted interim financial statements is available for inspection at the Company's registered office.

The engagement partner for this review is Mr David Marange.

(PAAB Practicing Certificate Number 0436)

By order of the Board Hippo Valley Estates Limited Registration No. 371/1956 Registered Office: Hippo Valley Estates Limited, Chiredzi

Pauline Kadembo Company Secretary 08 December 2021